

## **Danbury Park Community Primary School Religious Education**

Key Stage 1 Rolling Programme Written in accordance with: 'exploRE' : the Essex agreed syllabus for religious education

Year 1 and 2 Two Year Rolling Programme		
(Classes F, G and H)		
Year A 2021-2022	Year B 2022-2023	
<u>Autumn Term</u>	<u>Autumn Term</u>	
THE HOME	THE COMMUNITY IN THE UK AND OTHER COUNTRIES	
<ul> <li>SPECIAL PEOPLE</li> <li>Special 'me' (e.g. my uniqueness, my worth and value, my qualities and abilities)</li> <li>People who are special to me, people I love and care about: family and close friends</li> <li>Festivals/celebrations</li> <li>Birthdays</li> <li>Christmas</li> <li>ADDITIONAL FOCI: <ul> <li>Sikh naming ceremonies</li> <li>Hindu festival of Raksha Bandhan (rakhis)</li> <li>Shabbat</li> <li>Christian belief that every person is special to God</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SPECIAL PEOPLE</li> <li>Special people in the local community</li> <li>Famous people</li> <li>Statues, memorials, wall plaques, street names, school names, etc commemorating well-known people</li> <li>Festivals/Celebrations:         <ul> <li>Celebrations honouring people (eg patron saints' days, Remembrance Day, the Queen's birthday)</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>Festivals/Celebrations:                 <ul> <li>Baptisms/Christenings, weddings, funerals</li> <li>Christmas</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>SPECIAL PLACES</li> <li>Our homes</li> <li>Our bedrooms</li> <li>Our gardens</li> <li>Our special places at home (eg dens, tree houses, Wendy Houses)</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>The home as a special place for the family</li> <li>In some Christian homes there is a special</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Epiphany</li> <li>Candlemas</li> <li>All Souls Day</li> <li><u>ADDITIONAL FOCI:</u></li> <li>Sikhism: naming ceremonies, weddings, cremation of the dead</li> <li>SPECIAL PLACES</li> <li>The towns/villages where we live</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>place where people will pray before a cross or an image of Jesus, Mary or a saint</li> <li><u>ADDITIONAL FOCI:</u> <ul> <li>Judaism: Shabbat</li> <li>Hinduism: Puja, Divali</li> <li>Buddhism: Buddha in the home</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Our school</li> <li>Places we go on holiday</li> <li>Journeys and travel</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY         <ul> <li>The church and other local places of Christian worship Cathedrals</li> <li>Places of worship with a national profile</li> <li>Places in different countries that are special to Christians</li> </ul> </li> <li>ADDITIONAL FOCI:         <ul> <li>Islam: Hajj</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	



Year 1 and 2 Two Year Rolling Programme (Classes F, G and H)		
Year A 2021-2022	Year B 2022-2023	
Spring Term	Spring Term	
THE HOME	THE COMMUNITY IN THE UK AND OTHER COUNTRIES	
<ul> <li>SPECIAL AND STORIES</li> <li>Our special books</li> <li>Our special stories</li> <li>Our special poems and rhymes</li> <li>Our special letters and cards</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>The Bible in the home</li> <li>Family Bibles, that used to be read aloud every evening</li> <li>Stories from the Bible, shared with children</li> <li>Stories shared with children about Jesus, saints and other people who have followed the teachings of Jesus</li> <li>Grace before meals</li> <li>Prayers said before going to sleep</li> <li>FESTIVALS</li> <li>Christmas (celebrating the story of the birth of Jesus)</li> <li>Easter (celebrating the story of Jesus' resurrection)</li> <li>ADDITIONAL FOCI:</li> <li>Hindu Bhajan songs</li> <li>SPECIAL THINGS IN NATURE</li> <li>Our gardens</li> <li>The seasons</li> <li>Recycling</li> <li>Light and water (all life depends on these)</li> <li>ADDITIONAL FOCI:</li> <li>Buddhism – Prince Siddhartha and the swan, – lotus flower symbolism</li> </ul>	COUNTRIES           SPECIAL WORDS AND STORIES           School prayer/song, national anthem           Cub/Brownie promise, road signs           CHRISTIANITY           The Bible (read from the lectern in church)           Readings from the Bible, including parables           Prayers, including the Lord's prayer           Hymns/songs sung at church and in school           FESTIVALS/CELEBRATIONS           Christmas and Easter           Laylat-ul-Qadr (celebrating the revelation of the Qur'an to Muhammad)           SPECIAL THINGS IN NATURE           Trees, parks, woods, countryside, rivers, sea,           Wildlife parks, bird gardens, zoos, etc           The need to look after our school/ local environment           The seasons           Recycling and sustainability           Light and water (all life depends on these)           FESTIVALS/CELEBRATIONS           Flower /agricultural shows, harvest and Easter           CHRISTIANITY           Belief in God as creator, and our responsibility to look after the world God has given us           Biblical creation stories, as found in Genesis 1-3           Stories Jesus told in relation to the natural world           Hymns/songs sung at church and in school in praise of the natural world (eg All Things Bright and Beautiful, Morning Has Broken)           Bread and wine at Holy Communion, J	





Year 1 and 2 Two Year Rolling Programme (Classes F, G and H)		
Year A 2021-2022	Year B 2022-2023	
Summer Term	Summer Term	
THE HOME	THE COMMUNITY IN THE UK AND OTHER COUNTRIES	
SPECIAL WAYS OF LIVING (cont.)	SPECIAL WAYS OF LIVING (cont.)	
<ul> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>Christians are brought up to follow the example of Jesus and to live by his teachings, including parables</li> <li>Saying prayers, including the Lord's prayer</li> <li>Bible readings (in some Christian homes)</li> <li>Giving to charity</li> <li>Keeping Sunday as a special day</li> <li>Eating fish on Friday (in some</li> <li>Christian homes)</li> <li>Giving up things for Lent</li> <li>FESTIVALS/CELEBRATIONS</li> <li>Living as a Christian involves celebrating Christian festivals, the most important of which are</li> <li>Christmas and Easter</li> <li>ADDITONAL FOCI</li> <li>Noah's Ark – important in Christianity, Judaism and Islam</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>Christians try to follow the example of Jesus and to live by his teachings (firstly by loving God, secondly by loving other people - see Matthew 22.34-40, Mark 12.28-31, Luke 10.25-28)</li> <li>Attending church/chapel (especially on a Sunday) and participating in worship and other activities there</li> <li>Receiving Holy Communion</li> <li>Going to confession</li> <li>Attending Sunday school</li> <li>Participating in the life and wider</li> <li>activities of the local church/ chapel</li> <li>FESTIVALS/CELEBRATIONS</li> <li>Living as a Christian involves celebrating</li> <li>Christian festivals, the most important of which are Christmas and Easter</li> <li>ADDITONAL FOCI</li> <li>Attending the mosque (especially on a Friday) and participating in worship and other activities there</li> <li>The mosque as a community centre as well as a place of worship</li> <li>Local mosques in the UK (eg mosques in Colchester and Chelmsford)</li> <li>Attending the synagogue (especially on Shabbat) and participating in worship and other activities there</li> <li>The synagogue as a community centre and a place of learning as well as a place of worship</li> <li>Local synagogues in the UK (eg Colchester synagogue, Harlow synagogue, Westcliff synagogue)</li> </ul>	



Key Stage 2 Rolling Programme Written in accordance with: 'exploRE' : the Essex agreed syllabus for religious education

	(Classes E and D) - Two Year Rolling Programme		
Ye	ear A 2022-2023	Year B 2021-2022	
•	Autumn TermHINDUISMGods, Goddesses and their StoriesThe concept of BrahmanThe Trimurti: Brahma (creator), Vishnu(preserver) and Shiva (destroyer)Other Hindu gods and goddesses: storiesand festivals associated with them [forexample, Ganesha, Krishna, Lakshmi]The story of Rama and SitaThe festival of DivaliCHRISTIANITYThe start of Jesus' ministry:- The baptism of Jesus- The calling of the twelve disciplesAs part of Christmas:CHRISTIANITYThe importance of Jesus:- Jesus, born a Jew, was the founder of Christianity- His birth, actions [for example, miracles], teaching, death and resurrection are of great significance for Christians	<ul> <li>HINDUISM Worship</li> <li>Features of the mandir (temple)</li> <li>Congregational puja (public worship in the mandir)</li> <li>The home shrine and puja in the home</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY Church buildings:         <ul> <li>Features of churches, inside and out [for example, altar, lectern, font, pulpit]</li> <li>Symbols found in churches</li> <li>What happens in church, including services such as Holy Communion or Mass</li> </ul> </li> <li>As part of Christmas: CHRISTIANITY The importance of Jesus:         <ul> <li>Jesus, born a Jew, was the founder of Christianity</li> <li>His birth, actions [for example, miracles], teaching, death and resurrection are of great significance for Christians</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
• • • •	Spring Term BUDDHISM Buddha's Life and Image The Buddha's life story: his quest to find an answer to the problem of suffering Buddhist devotional practices, including meditation The Buddha image Buddhist shrines CHRISTIANITY The teaching of Jesus: - The parables and their meanings [for example, the sower (Matthew 13.1-9), the lost sheep (Matthew 18.12-14), the lost son (Luke 15.11-24), the good Samaritan (Luke 10.30-35)] - The two greatest commandments: "Love the Lord your God Love your neighbour as you love yourself" (Matthew 22.37- 39)	<ul> <li>Spring Term</li> <li>JUDAISM The Torah and its Stories</li> <li>The story of Moses and the exodus from Egypt</li> <li>The festival of Pesach and the Seder mea</li> <li>The story of how Moses received the Ten Commandments and the importance of these for Jews</li> <li>The Sefer Torah</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY Christian rites of passage:         <ul> <li>Baptism</li> <li>Confirmation</li> <li>Weddings</li> <li>Funerals</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	



(Classes E and D) - Two Year Rolling Programme			
Yea	r A 2022-2023	Year B 2021-2022	2
•	<ul> <li>Spring Term (cont.)</li> <li>Jesus' teaching about prayer, including the Lord's Prayer (Matthew 6.5-13)</li> <li>As part of Easter:</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>Events recalled during Holy Week:</li> <li>The entry into Jerusalem, commemorated on Palm Sunday</li> <li>The Last Supper, commemorated on Maundy Thursday and at Holy Communion</li> <li>The crucifixion, commemorated on Good Friday and by the fact that the cross is the central symbol of Christianity</li> <li>The resurrection, celebrated on</li> </ul>	Spring Term (cont.) As part of Easter: • CHRISTIANITY Events recalled during Holy Week: • The entry into Jerusalem, commemorated on Palm Sunday • The Last Supper, commemorated on Maundy Thursday and at Holy Communion • The crucifixion, commemorated on Good Friday and by the fact that the cross is the central symbol of Christianity • The resurrection, celebrated on Easter Day	s
•	Easter Day Summer Term SIKHISM Temples and Holy Book Guru Nanak, the founder of Sikhism Features of the gurdwara (temple) The Guru Granth Sahib (holy book) What happens inside the gurdwara JUDAISM The Promised Land and Rites of Passage The festival of Sukkot and the 40 years spent wandering in the wilderness The importance of the land of Israel (the 'promised land') for Jews Bar Mitzvah and Bat Mitzvah	Summer Term         ISLAM         The Qur'an and the Mosque         The revelation of the Qur'an to the Proph         Muhammad         The first mosque and the first call to pray         Features of the mosque         What happens inside the mosque,         including prayer         CHRISTIANITY         Research project:         Life of a well-known Christian	



	(Classes C, B and A) - Two Year Rolling Programme		
	Year A	Year B	
	2022-2023	2021-2022	
	<u>Autumn Term</u>	Autumn Term	
•	ISLAM	• ISLAM	
	The Qur'an	Pilgrimage and Prayer	
•	The revelation of the Qur'an to the Prophet Muhammad	The Five Pillars of Islam     The part played by the situ of Makkab an	
	The Five Pillars of Islam	<ul> <li>The part played by the city of Makkah an the Ka'aba in the life of the Prophet</li> </ul>	
	The content of the Qur'an: it contains many	Muhammad	
<b>–</b>	people and stories found in the Bible	The importance of hajj (pilgrimage to	
•	The fact that Jesus (Isa) is a revered prophet	Makkah and other holy sites) in Islam	
	in Islam	• Rituals associated with prayer in Islam:	
		wudu, facing Makkah, using a carpet,	
•	CHRISTIANITY	prayer positions, etc	
	The Bible:		
	- The importance of the Bible for Christians	CHRISTIANITY	
	<ul> <li>The content of the Bible: Old and New</li> </ul>	The importance of Jesus:	
	Testaments, the four Gospels	- Jesus, born a Jew, was the founder of	
	- The Old Testament corresponds to the	Christianity	
	Tenakh, the holy book of Jews	- His birth, actions [for example, miracles	
	- The creation story in Genesis 1	teaching, death and resurrection and of great significance for Christians	
	<ul> <li>Different ways that Christians interpret the Bible: literal and non-literal</li> </ul>	With an emphasis on Christmas.	
	interpretations		
	As part of Christmas:		
•	CHRISTIANITY		
	The importance of Jesus:		
	- Jesus, born a Jew, was the founder of		
	Christianity		
	- His birth, actions [for example, miracles],		
	teaching, death and resurrection are of great significance for Christians		
	Spring Term	Spring Term	
		• SIKHISM	
•	SIKHISM	Beliefs and Rites of Passage	
	Important Events and Beliefs	The Five Ks and the turban	
•	Guru Nanak, the founder of Sikhism	• The Harmandir (Golden Temple of the	
•	Guru Gobind Singh and the formation of the	Sikhs in Amritsar)	
	Khalsa	Sikh initiation or baptism: the amrit	
•	The Mool Mantra	ceremony	
•	The importance of equality in Sikhism		
•		-	
	• •		
	•		
	•		
	Communion	the most prominent feature; comparing	
•	<ul> <li>Khalsa</li> <li>The Mool Mantra</li> <li>The importance of equality in Sikhism</li> <li>CHRISTIANITY</li> <li>Events recalled during Holy Week:</li> <li>The entry into Jerusalem, commemorated on Palm Sunday</li> <li>The Last Supper, commemorated on Maundy Thursday and at Holy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CHRISTIANITY Variety within Christianity</li> <li>Different churches, denominations, etc example, comparing an Anglican or Roman Catholic church, where the altar the main focal point, with a Methodist church, where the pulpit or lectern is oft</li> </ul>	



(Classes C, B and A) - Two	Year Rolling Programme
Year A	Year B
2022-2023	2021-2022
Spring Term (cont.)	Spring Term (cont.)
- The crucifixion, commemorated on Good	<ul> <li>infant baptism in an Anglican or Roman</li> </ul>
Friday and by the fact that the cross is	Catholic Church with believer's baptism,
the central symbol of Christianity	featuring full immersion, in other churches
- The resurrection, celebrated on Easter Day	such as the Baptist Church]
In great detail.	Local and International Scale
	• The role of the Church of England in
	Britain today, with the monarch at its head
	The role of the local church and priest or
	minister in the life of the community
	The worldwide Church
	Global Christian outreach
	As part of Easter:
	CHRISTIANITY
	Events recalled during Holy Week:
	<ul> <li>The entry into Jerusalem, commemorated on Palm Sunday</li> </ul>
	- The Last Supper, commemorated on
	Maundy Thursday and at Holy
	Communion
	- The crucifixion, commemorated on Good
	Friday and by the fact that the cross
	is the central symbol of Christianity
	- The resurrection, celebrated on Easter
	Day

## (Classes C. B and A) - Two Year Rolling Programme



	Summer Term	Summer Term
•	JUDAISM	BUDDHISM - The Buddhist Way of Life
	Home Life and Worship	The Middle Way
•	The importance of the home in Jewish life:	The Noble Eightfold Path
	keeping a Kosher home and observing	<ul> <li>Enlightenment and Nirvana/Nibbana</li> </ul>
	dietary laws	Buddhist devotional practices, including
•	Observing shabbat in the home and the synagogue	meditation
•	Features of the synagogue	HUMANISM
•	What happens inside the synagogue	The meaning of humanism
•	The Shema and the Mezuzah	Key humanist beliefs and ideas:
HINI	DUISM	+ People are what matter in life
	Creation and Reincarnation	+ The Golden Rule: treat others as you would
•	The concept of Brahman	like them to treat you <sup>1</sup>
•	The Trimurti: Brahma (creator), Vishnu (preserver) and Shiva (destroyer)	<ul><li>+ You can live life without religion.</li><li>+ Science provides the most reliable source of</li></ul>
	Reincarnation and the concepts of moksha	knowledge about the world
•	(release from the cycle of reincarnation),	+ Humanist ceremonies marking key milestones
	dharma (duty to God and to others) and	in life [for example, baby namings or
	karma (the idea that actions have	welcomings, weddings, funerals]
	consequences for one's future rebirth)	+ The British Humanist Association and the
•	Hindu creation stories	Happy Human symbol
•	The AUM/OM symbol	